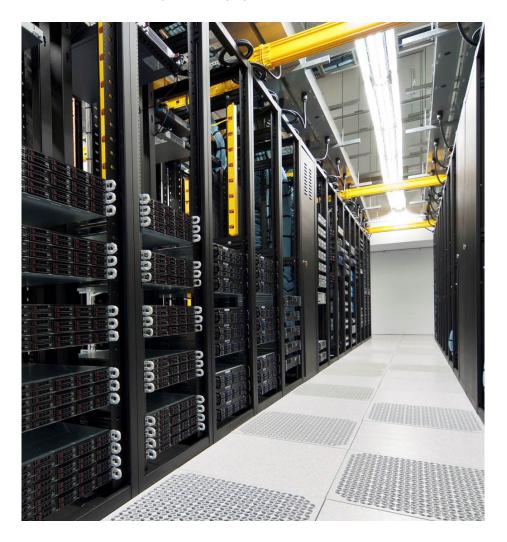


Dell AppAssure Backup, Replication, and Recovery Evaluators Guide

Business needs are putting extra pressure on your backup but your backup is broken...Traditional backups can't keep up.



This guide is written to help you analyze and evaluate the Dell AppAssure backup and recovery platform and will give you valuable insight for whenever you download and evaluate your trial copy of the software. It begins by introducing key features and functions and follows with eight function guides that point out the ease of use you can experience with Dell AppAssure software. If you have any additional questions, please visit www.appassure.com or contact AppAssure sales to schedule a demo with one of our sales engineers.

Today, new problems must be solved

Data growth pegged at 800% over five years

(Gartner Group 2010 Data Center conference)

- Big Data will grow more than 60% between 2012 and 2015
 (IDC Press Release March 7, 2012)
- Cloud investments growing fast -\$61 billion in 2012 (Holger Kisker, Forrester Research blogpost 12/13/2011)
- Backup windows too large
- File/application-level backups don't meet latest RPO, RTO needs
 Snapshots alone limit recovery options
- PERHAPS THAT'S WHY many of companies plan to replace existing file/application-level backups with snapshot and replication alternatives

Dell AppAssure winner of TOP awards







VM snaps and hardware snaps are not backup

What if... You lose an entire volume?

VMware (and Hyper-V) can snapshot the VMs

- Great for very short term protection (i.e. loading a service pack...)
- BUT it will not protect you from total loss

Hardware snaps are Copy On Write (COW) or similar

- They are tied to the original volume
- But if the original fails, the snaps are worthless

Both take up space and can cause space-related issues down the road

Dell AppAssure provides:

- Up to 288 snaps per day (as frequent as every 5 minutes!)
- Complete data integrity
- Replication for offsite failover

How do you plan for the worst?

- Replication is now critical to survival
- Backing up and moving tape is no longer sufficient
- · Automation is key to always being ready
- Backup WITH replication is the new standard
- It is no longer only for the largest companies that can afford disk based replication

Dell AppAssure provides:

- Integrated backup AND replication in one product
- An affordable solution
- Local and offsite Virtual Standby for both physical and virtual systems for failover

How do you know you can recover?

- "Verify" option in most products inadequate and has no application understanding
- Random restore tests cost a lot of money in man hours
- Automation is the key to success
- More recent providers only look at the system, not the app.

Dell AppAssure provides:

- Recovery Assure™ automation of testing critical data
- Volume Integrity testing
- SQL and Exchange Database testing for mount / attach-ability
- In-depth checksum testing of Exchange Databases

Consider this

How often to you plan on taking Snapshots of your protected servers?

 Backing up every 15 minutes consumes more bandwidth than backing up every four hours.

What is your current daily data change rate on the protected servers?

- AppAssure tracks changes at the block level so it's extremely
 efficient. By only backing up these changes we ensure the minimum
 performance impact on the agent side and maximize storage savings.
 I.e. when a block in a database changes we only capture that block
 change. Traditional solutions will back up the entire database.
- Servers with a greater change rate will create larger snapshots and could require longer transfer times (AppAssure moves data in excess of 8GB/min).

Are you creating virtual hot standby clones?

If you select this option, any protected server you can be
automatically created and continuously updated as a Virtual machine.
If your protected server should go down, simply fire up your Virtual
Hot standby. It's important to note however that the creation of this
Virtual machine, although powered off, will be continuously updated
with the block level changes from the source server. This type of
updating requires disk resources.

What kind of agents are you protecting?

Exchange and SQL server agents usually see greater daily change
rates, and as part of AppAssure's Assured recovery procedures, run a
series of checks on the Data, ESEUTIL checks in the case of Exchange,
and SQL Table Mountability checks. So the end result is that SQL and
Exchange Agents consume more AppAssure Core CPU, and Disk I/O.

Are you Replicating your data offsite or into the cloud?

Replicating data off site also consumes AppAssure Core CPU
and storage bandwidth. It is also important to remember when
replicating data to any offsite location, that you need to ensure your
firewall and TCP-IP port settings are properly configured and you
have proper access to whatever remote site you are using. As far as
WAN bandwith remember that only compressed and de-duplicated
data is sent to ensure the most efficient use of your WAN connection.



Contents

1. Evaluation Overview

2. Guide: How to Install and Configure the Core

- I. Dell AppAssure Core Installation
- I. Configuring a New Dell AppAssure Core
- I. Dell AppAssure Core Configuration Tab (Options)

3. Guide: How to Deploy Dell AppAssure Agents

- I. Active Directory Deployment
- II. vCenter/ESX(i) Deployment
- III. Manual Deployment
- IV. New Deployment
- V. Local Agent Deployment
- VI. Installation of Dell AppAssure Linux Agent

4. Guide: How to manually protect a machine

- I. How to configure custom protection settings
- 5. Guide: How to Configure Replication
- 6. Guide: How to Configure Virtual Standby for ESX(i) and Hyper-V
- 7. Guide: How to do Live Recovery™ for Microsoft Exchange
- 8. Guide: How to do Bare-Metal Recovery (BMR)
- 9. Guide: How to do a file and folder recover



Evaluation Overview

Dell AppAssure evaluation considerations

Evaluation requirements: what functions are right for your business?

- Is reducing Recovery Point Objectives (RPO) or Recovery Time Objective (RTO) critical to your Service Level Agreements (SLA) or business needs?
- Is migrating from physical to virtual (P2V), virtual to virtual (V2V), or to the cloud (X2C) an end goal?
- Is protecting Microsoft applications such as Exchange, SQL, and/or SharePoint critical to your operations?
- Do you currently support multiple physical, virtual and/or cloud platforms and/or need to migrate between them?
- Is ease of use and a flexible web interface important?
- Do you want to be certain your backups can be recovered in the event?
- · Would near zero performance impact on protected machines and recovery points as often as every five minutes secure your business goals?

What features are important to build the ideal data protection and disaster recovery solution?

- · Single-pass Microsoft Exchange, SQL, SharePoint application backup with full system or granular recovery as well as application assurance
- Site-to-Site replication
- Automated replication of physical/virtual machines to ESX(i) or Hyper-V
- Ability to recover large non-system volumes in seconds using Dell AppAssure Live Recovery™
- Recover an entire system, single file, folder, or object anywhere
- Inline deduplication and compression at line speed to save on bandwidth and storage
- · Protect physical, virtual and cloud machines all in one place
- Fast always incremental snapshots Dell AppAssure changed block tracking on physical, virtual, or cloud machines

Understanding Dell AppAssure

What is Dell AppAssure?

- Dell AppAssure is more than just a backup application, it's a recovery application
- Dell AppAssure tracks changed blocks of data on a protected system and saves that data with continual snapshots, for up to 288 recovery points per day
- · Automated validation of Microsoft applications quarantees you can recover them every time anywhere
- · Centralized console enables you to protect and centrally manage entire environment all from a single pane of glass

Protecting your network with Dell AppAssure is simple and easy.

Dell AppAssure requires just a few simple components to be installed in order to protect your environment:

- Dell AppAssure Core Server
- Storage for Dell AppAssure backups
- Dell AppAssure Agent(s)

All of the components are easily installed and configured.

Lets take a deeper look at each component.



Dell AppAssure Core Server



Functionality:

- Backup & Recovery:
- Centralized Management
- Centralized Storage Management
- Retention & Archive Policies
- Multi-Core, Multi Repository Scaling
- · Compression and Deduplication
- Onsite/Offsite Replication
- Virtual Standby

Considerations:

- Runs on a dedicated 64-bit Windows Server
- Utilizes various storage types such as NAS, SAN or DAS
- Needs a multi core CPU

Off the shelf storage components



Considerations:

- Dell AppAssure supports common storage such as Direct Attached Storage (DAS), Network Attached Storage (NAS) and Storage Area Networks (SAN)
- Needs to be presented to the Dell AppAssure Core Server as a CIFS share or local storage (including ISCSI)
- Should have a business-class disk subsystem
- Storage system should not have native compression or deduplication
- Capacity should be large enough to match your backup retention goals

Dell AppAssure Smart Agent

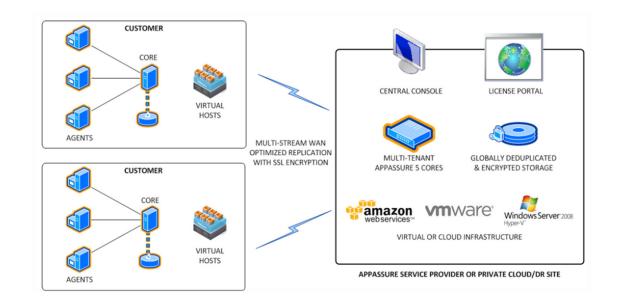


Functionality:

- Change Block Tracking
- Near-Zero % CPU Utilization
- Creates application aware backups
- Data Volume (data & logs) grouping
- Microsoft SQL and Exchange log truncation
- Exchange mount and integrity checks
- SQL attachability checks
- Volume Integrity Check

OS Support:

- Windows Server 2003\2008\2008
 R2\2008R2 SP1 core\2012
- Windows XP\Vista\7\8
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.3
- CentOS 6.3
- SuSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 SP2





Dell AppAssure Backup, Replication, and Recovery Evaluator's Guide: How to Install and Configure the Core

Why read this guide

The Dell AppAssure Core Server is the heart of the backup and recovery platform. Purpose-built for centralized management, the Core holds the system's critical functionality, including retention and archiving policies, compression, deduplication and onsite and offsite replication functions.

The Core runs on a dedicated 64-bit Windows Server and utilizes a variety of storage types, such as NAS, SAN or DAS.

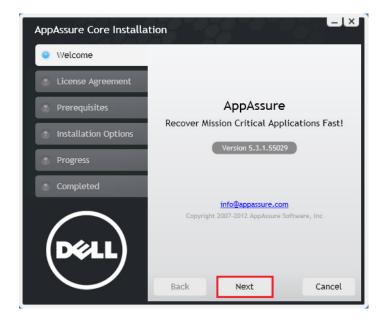
The Core is easily installed and configured in various environments.

How to install the Dell AppAssure Core

- 1. Installing the Dell AppAssure Core
- 2. Configuring the Dell AppAssure Core
- 3. Dell AppAssure configuration options

1. Dell AppAssure Core installation

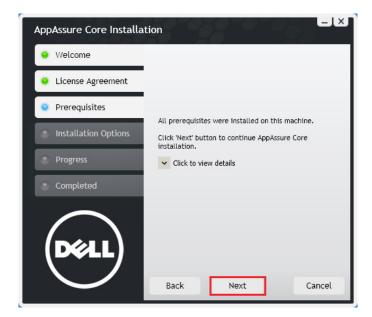
Run the installer and follow the installation wizard to begin your evaluation. After accepting the Licensing Agreement, check and/or install any prerequisites.



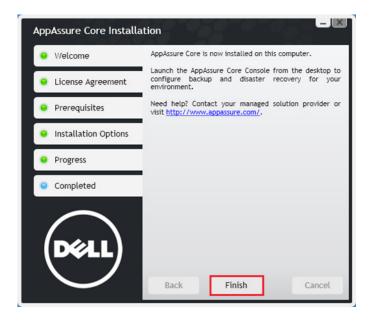




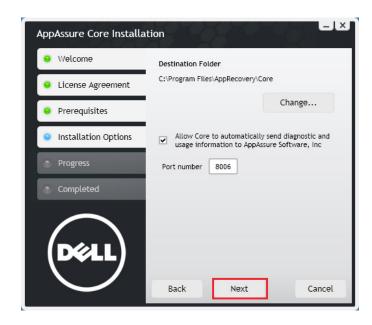
Once prerequisites are installed, click "Next."



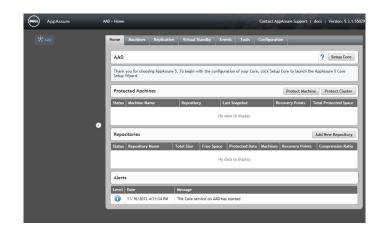
Once installed, click "Finish" to begin evaluation.



Choose the destination folder for installation, choose the port and click "Next."



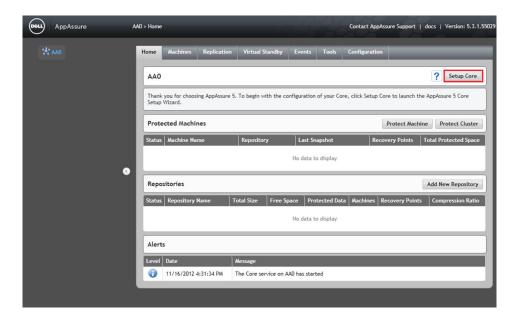
Launching Dell AppAssure will bring you to the Core Console.



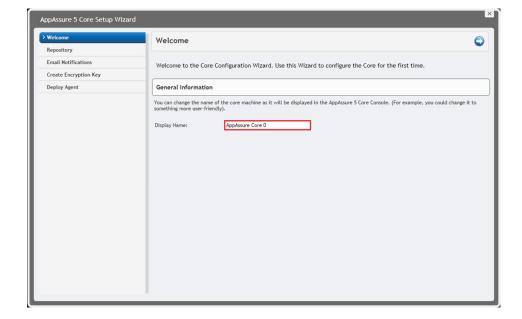


2. Configuring a New Dell AppAssure Core

Launch the Dell AppAssure Core Console from the Desktop Icon or the Start Menu and press "Setup Core" in the upper right of the screen to begin the configuration of the new Core.

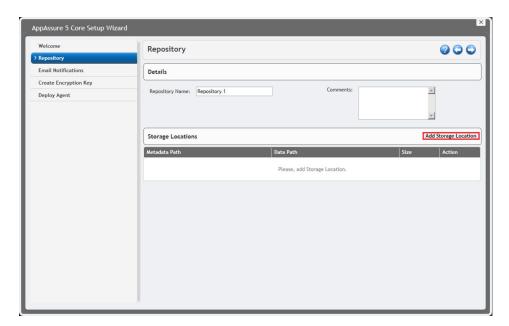


To begin configuration, provide a Display Name for the new core you are configuring, then press the "Arrow" to proceed.

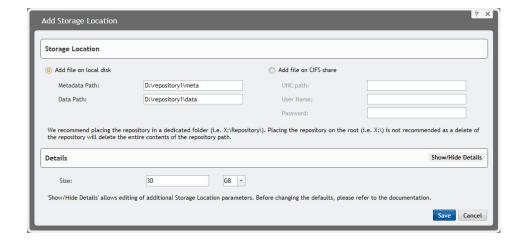




First, configure storage for your backups; this a "Repository." Click "Add Storage Location" to begin.

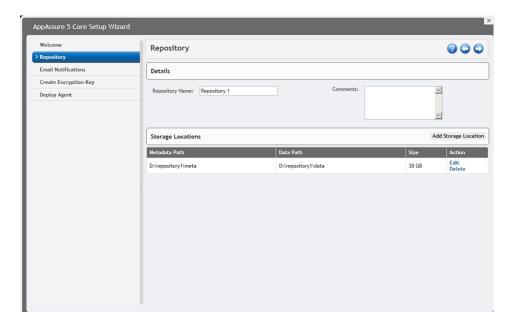


Provide the path for the new Repository in the "Metadata Path" and the "Data Path" or CIFS share. Select a size for the repository, then press "Save."

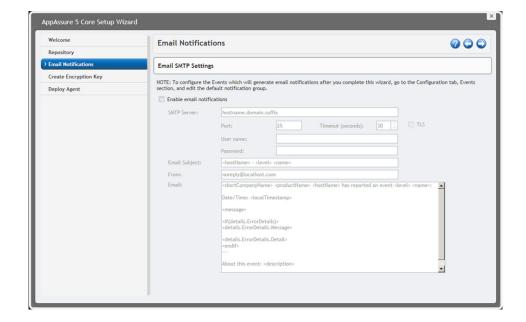




Once the Repository is created, you can edit, delete, or add more Storage Locations. Once complete click the "Right arrow."

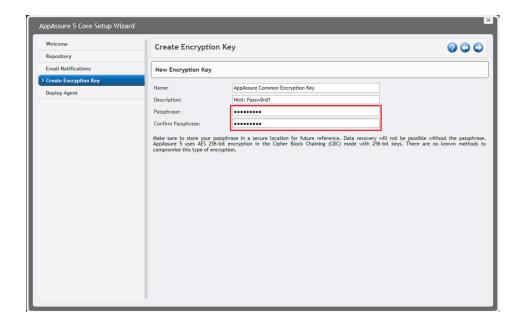


Configure email notifications here by Enabling email notifications and filling in your SMTP server details. While AppAssure carries out backups automatically, if something is not right, like a backup failure due to data corruption, email notifications will let you know immediately so you can intervene to address it. Once completed press the "Next arrow."

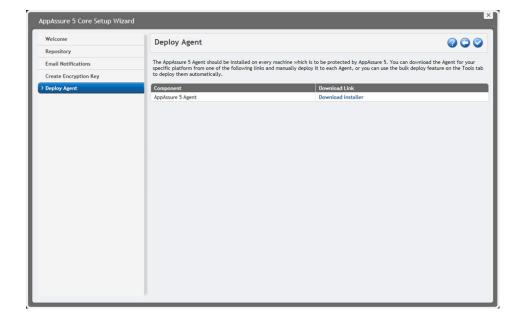




If encryption is required – for example when sending data offsite or to the cloud – use this screen to provide the name of the encryption key, a short description and a passphrase. Make a note to secure this passphrase so it can not be lost, as this is the only key for accessing your data. Once completed click the "Next arrow."



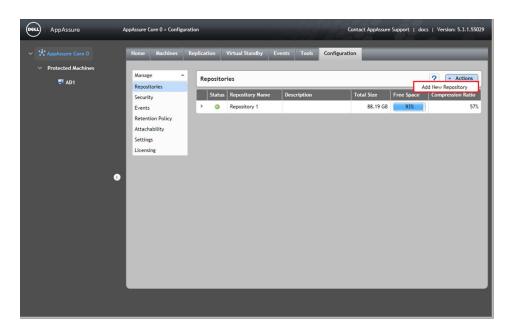
You can use the Core Configuration wizard to Deploy Agents to machines you wish to protect. This is covered in detail in the Agent Configuration Guide. Press the checkmark button to complete the configuration.



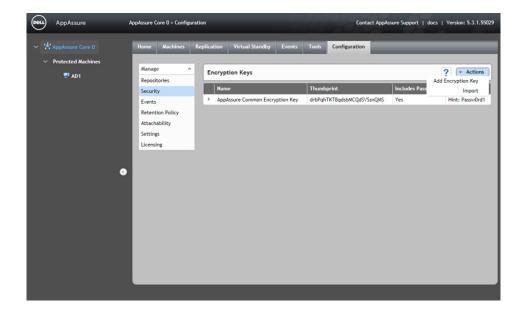


3. Dell AppAssure Core Configuration tab (options)

On the Configuration tab of the Core there are many optional items that can be edited. In the Repository section you can add or edit repositories.

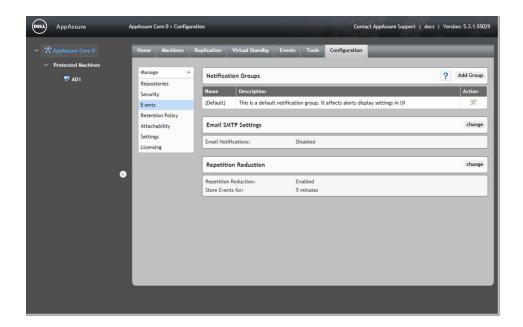


Use the Security Menu in the Configuration tab to add or import new encryption keys.

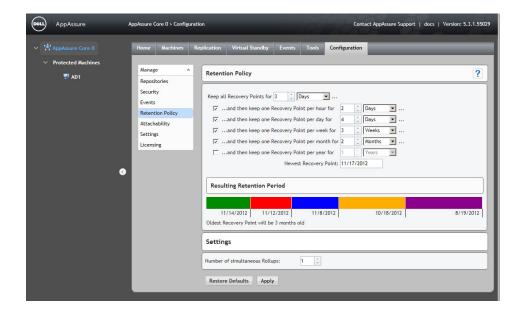




The Events section is used to configure notification groups, email server settings, and event notification frequency.

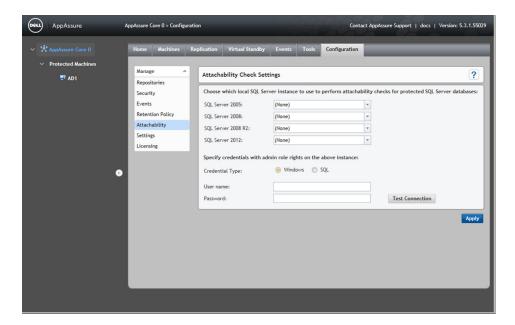


Use the Retention Policy section to specify how long Recovery Points will be retained. The default configuration allows for recovery period spanning 3 months.

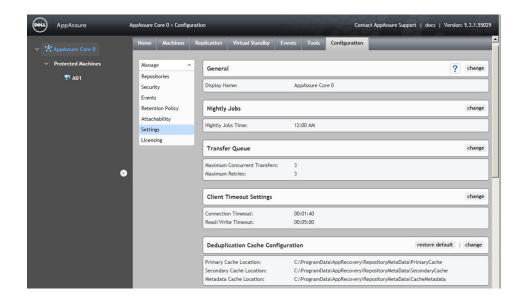




Use the Attachability section to configure the SQL Server instance that will be used to perform tests to ensure your SQL Server backup is recoverable. First, choose the SQL Server you want to use, and provide the credentials to access it.

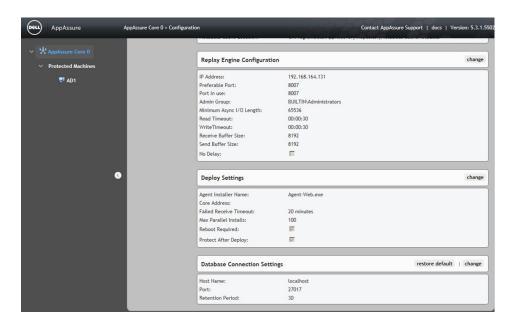


The Settings section is where you can change default settings for how the Core operates. Generally the default values are a best practice. (This is the first half of the screen).

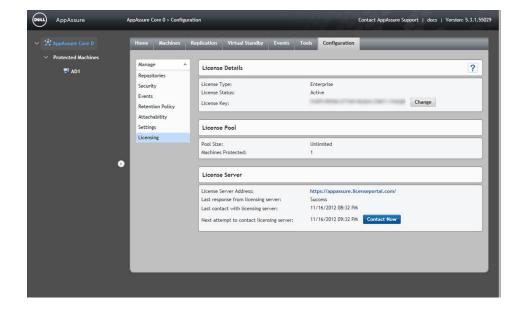




Settings section continued.



The last section is Licensing. Here you can review your license type, status, the key itself, the amount of licenses available to you during your trial, and the License Server connection settings.





Dell AppAssure Backup, Replication, and Recovery Evaluator's Guide: How to Deploy Dell AppAssure Agents

Why read this guide

Dell AppAssure Smart Agents are ultra-lightweight agents that have the intelligence to allow inherently higher-levels of protection than agentless backup schemes, including higher-speed backups, super-efficient changed-block tracking, and needing only one backup pass for both granular and system-level recoveries. There is a small time commitment you have to make for all this performance: a one-time install on each protected machine.

How to Deploy Dell AppAssure agents

- 1. Deployment Notes
- 2. Active Directory deployment
- 3. vCenter/ESX(i) deployment
- 4. Manual deployment
- 5. New deployment
- 6. Deploying a Local Agent
- 7. Deploying a Linux Agent

The Dell AppAssure Agent

Dell AppAssure agents protect and manage the backup and recovery of individual machines in a variety of environments. Each agent allows for block tracking, data volume grouping and the creation application aware backups, with near-zero percentage CPU utilization.



Dell AppAssure agents support the following operating systems:

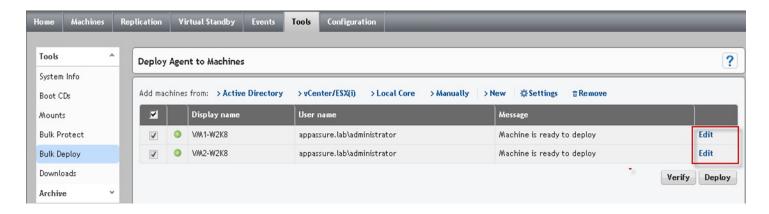
- Windows Server 2003\2008\2008 R2\2008 R2 SP1\2012 core
- Windows XP\Vista\7\8
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.3
- CentOS 6.3
- SuSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 SP2



Deployment notes

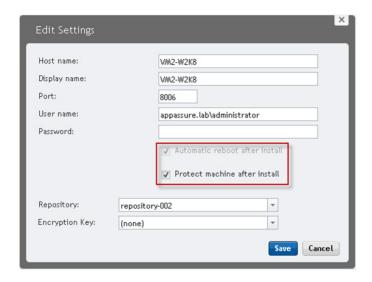
When deploying an AppAssure Smart Agent to a machine you wish to protect, that machine will automatically and immediately reboot, and from that point on will be automatically protected unless otherwise selected

But if you don't want the machine to reboot immediately, select the "Edit" button next to the machine to be deployed



On the pop-up screen deselect "Protect machine after install" and "Automatic reboot after install"

Just remember to reset the reboot command at some point in the near future so the machine can begin to be protected.



Assuming "Protect machine after install" has been selected the agent will begin creating its base image after its initial reboot.

Dell AppAssure is application aware and will automatically protect all volumes on the system while accounting for dependencies.

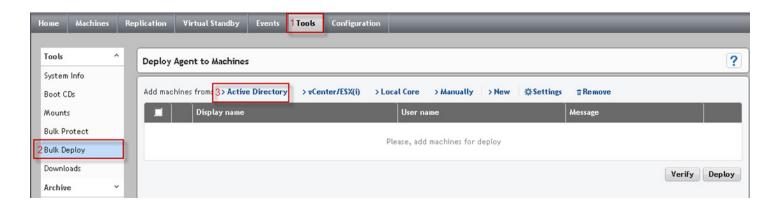
By default, snapshots are created every 60 minutes, but can be set as frequently as every five minutes for high-transaction environments or at longer intervals for applications where data changes infrequently.



1. Active Directory deployment

To deploy Dell AppAssure via Active Directory:

- Connect to the Dell AppAssure core server
- Go to Tools-> Bulk Deploy-> Active Directory



- Enter your domain controller's IP or host name
- Enter domain administrator's credentials

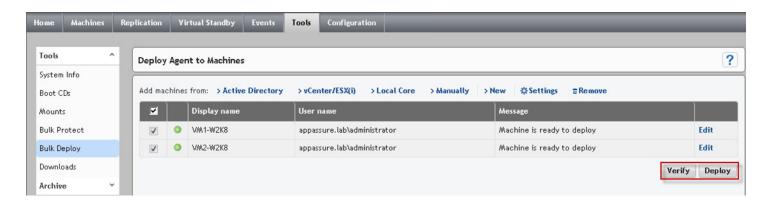


- Select the machines that you wish to deploy to
- Click "Add"

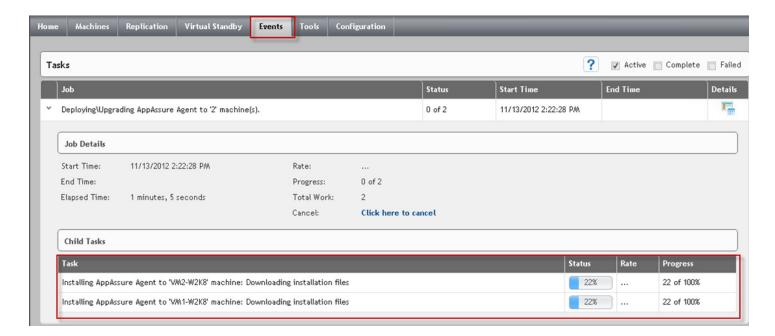




- Click "Verify" to ensure the machines are online
- Once the machines have been verified click "Deploy" to begin the deployment



• Click the "Events" tab to monitor the progress of the deployment

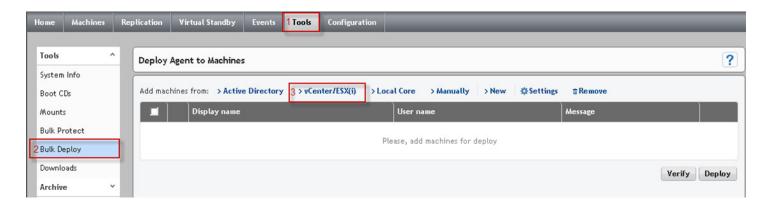




2. vCenter/ESX(i) deployment

To deploy Dell AppAssure via vCenter/ESX(i):

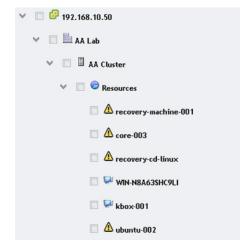
- Connect to the Dell AppAssure core server
- Go to Tools-> Bulk Deploy -> vCenter/ESX(i)



- Enter the IP or hostname of your vCenter/ESX(i) server
- Enter administrator credentials



• Select the machines to which you are deploying the agents

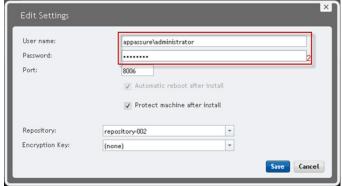




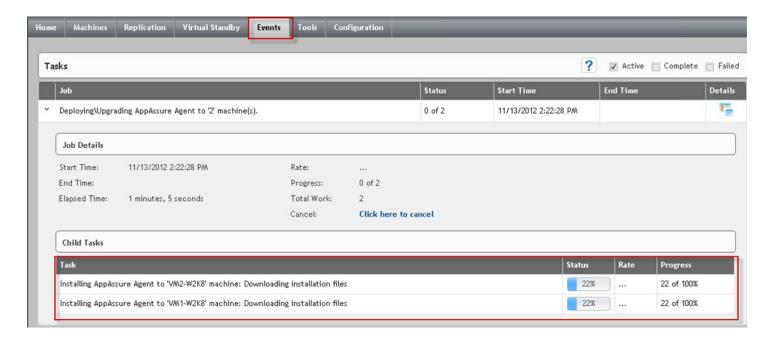
After you have selected your machines you need to create a username:

- Click on "Settings" and enter the username and password that you wish to deploy with
- Click "Verify" to validate installation credentials
- Click "Deploy" when ready





• After clicking deploy, click the "Events" tab to monitor the progress of the deployment

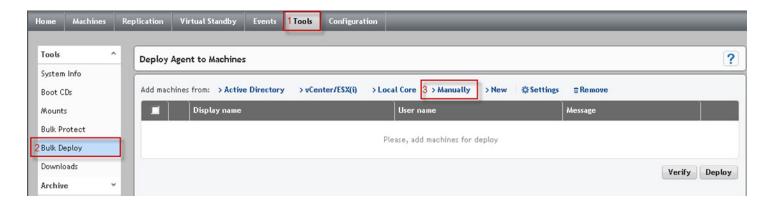




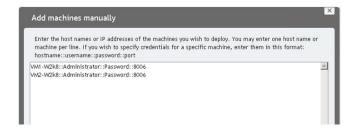
3. Manual deployment

To deploy Dell AppAssure manually via the Core server:

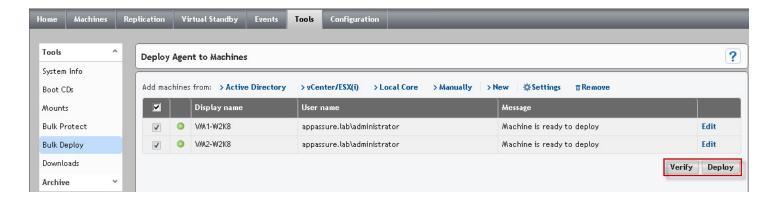
- Connect to the Dell AppAssure core server
- Go to Tools-> Bulk Deploy -> Manually



- Enter all of machines that you wish to deploy agents to
- Take note of the format for entering the names: hostname::username::password::port
- When done click "Add"

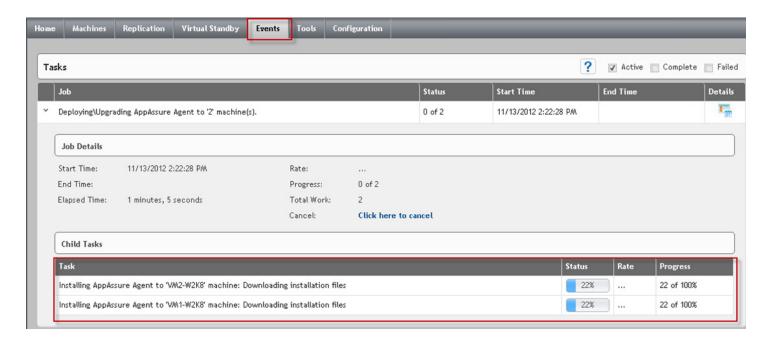


- Click "Verify" to ensure the machines are online and ready to deploy
- Once the machines have been verified click "Deploy"





After clicking deploy click the "Events" tab to monitor the progress of the deployment

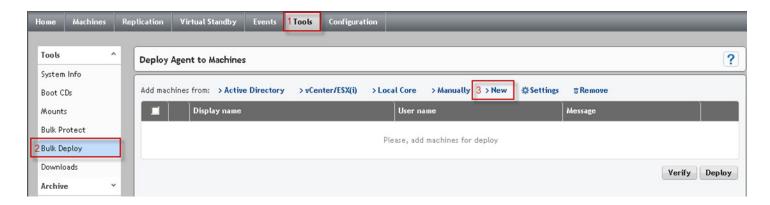




4. New deployment

To deploy Dell AppAssure to a new machine via the Core server:

- Connect to the Dell AppAssure core server
- Go to Tools-> Bulk Deploy -> New



- Enter the hostname and display name of the machine to which you wish to deploy
- Enter administrator credentials for that machine
- · If you do not wish to reboot the machine automatically after the deployment, de-select "Protect machine after install"
- Select the repository that the machine should send its backups to





5. Local agent deployment

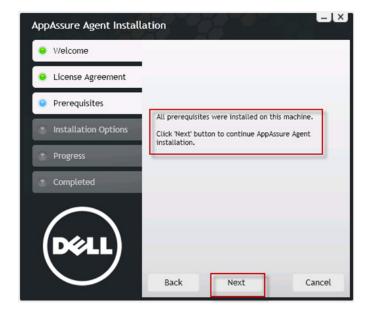
Download the Dell AppAssure agent from AppAssure.com Run the installer locally on the machine that you wish to protect Click "Next" to begin the installation process



After reading the license agreement you must then "Accept" the agreement. After accepting the agreement you can then click "Next" to proceed with the install

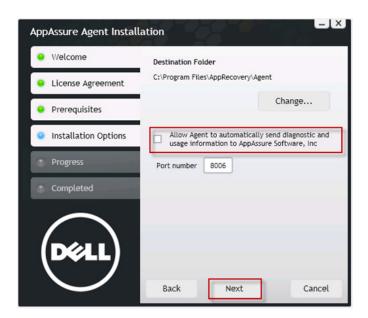


If your machine is missing any prerequisites, you will be prompted to allow Dell AppAssure to install the missing components for you Once all prerequisites are met you can then click "Next" to proceed with the install



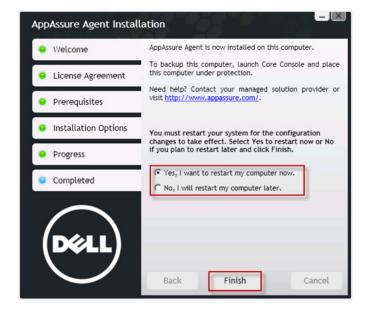


Dell AppAssure will send back diagnostic and usage information if you choose to allow Choose "Next" to continue with the installation



Note: Enabling automatic feedback will allow the Dell AppAssure core to send logs periodically from all agents and cores to Dell.

To complete the installation and begin protecting your machine you must reboot the system
If you choose not to reboot you will not be able to begin taking backups of your system until a reboot has take place
Choose "Finish" to complete the installation





6. Installation of Dell AppAssure Linux agent

This installation is a manual process executed by root (sudo) in a terminal window, the following pre-requisites should be followed:

- Apply all outstanding patches to the base OS (sudo apt-get update)
- Download the Ubuntu Appassure Agent and copy it into /tmp
- Execute the installer script: cd /tmp; sudo ./appassure-installer-ubuntu-amd64-x.x. | tee > aa_install.log
- The installer produces a large log file which is saved in /tmp/aa_install.log in this example

```
notroot@ubuntu:/mnt/hgfs/VMShare$ uname -a
Linux ubuntu 3.2.0-23-generic #36-Ubuntu SMP Tue Apr 10 20:39:51 UTC 2012 x86_64
x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
notroot@ubuntu:/mnt/hgfs/VMShare$ more -20 aa_install.log
AppAssure installer starting up...
CopyRight (C) AppAssure Software Inc. All Rights Reserved.
Determining operating system environment...
Preparing command line utilities options...
Installing required packages... Reading package lists...
Building dependency tree...
Reading state information...
dkms is already the newest version.
libblkid1 is already the newest version.
libpam0g is already the newest version.
libpcre3 is already the newest version.
linux-headers-3.2.0-23-generic is already the newest version.
linux-headers-3.2.0-23-generic set to manually installed.
libc6 is already the newest version.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 100 not upgraded.
done
Extracting archive packages into /tmp
Installing apprecovery packages...
Selecting previously unselected package appassure-vss.
--More--(19%)_
```

The installer completes successfully and displays the message "Starting Appassure Agent... done"

```
root@ubuntu:/mnt/hgfs/VMShare$ uname
 inux ubuntu 3.2.0–23-generic #36-Ubuntu SMP Tue Apr 10 20:39:51 UTC 2012 x86_64
x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
xoo_64 xoo_64 GNO/LINUX
notroot@ubuntu:/mnt/hgfs/VMShare$ tail -20 aa_install.log
Processing triggers for ureadahead ...
ureadahead will be reprofiled on next reboot
Processing triggers for initramfs-tools ...
update-initramfs: Generating /boot/initrd.img-3.2.0-23-generic
Setting up appassure-agent (5.3.1) ...
  --- package: appassure-agent
  --- os: debian
  --- stage: configure; upgrade
      script: postinst
 Adding system startup for /etc/init.d/appassure-agent ...
    /etc/rc0.d/K2Oappassure-agent -> ../init.d/appassure-agent
/etc/rc1.d/K2Oappassure-agent -> ../init.d/appassure-agent
/etc/rc6.d/K2Oappassure-agent -> ../init.d/appassure-agent
    /etc/rc2.d/S2Oappassure-agent -> ../init.d/appassure-agent
    /etc/rc3.d/S2Oappassure-agent -> ../init.d/appassure-agent
    /etc/rc4.d/S2Oappassure-agent -> ../init.d/appassure-agent
    /etc/rc5.d/S20appassure-agent -> ../init.d/appassure-agent
Starting Appassure Agent... done
 Cleaning working directories...
notroot@ubuntu:/mnt/hgfs/VMShare$
```



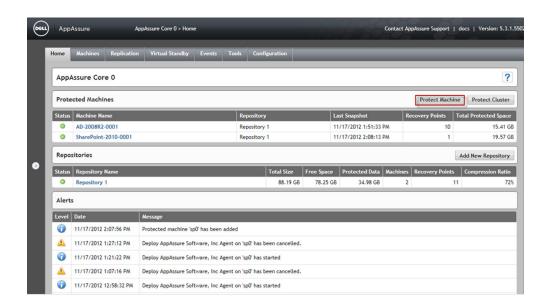
Dell AppAssure Backup, Replication, and Recovery Evaluator's Guide: How to Manually Protect a Machine

Why read this guide

In some cases, including environments with expanded firewall and DNS settings, manual protection of the Dell AppAssure agent may be necessary.

How to manually protect a machine

After manual installation of an agent, that machine needs to be added to a Dell AppAssure Core and protected. Click "Protect Machine."



First, connect to the machine you wish to protect. Provide the Host Name or IP address, the port, and credentials. Once connected, configure the Display name, choose the Repository and encryption key. The Volume groups will be listed, and protection will be set at default value of 60 minutes between backups.





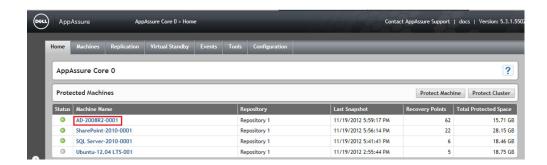


NOTE: Protection settings can also be modified from the default settings, detailed in the next section.

1. How to configure custom protection settings

Configuring protection schedules

Default settings direct the Dell AppAssure agent installed on each protected machine to perform a backup every 60 minutes throughout the day. You can adjust the frequency for longer intervals or to as little as every five minutes. Select the machine you wish to configure and continue to the next screen.



Modify the default Protection Settings by selecting the Protection Settings highlighted below in red.





Click "Edit" to change the protection schedule for this machine.

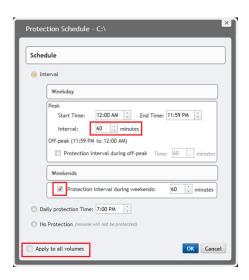


Here you can edit the protection schedule of a machine. You can have a weekday and a weekend schedule, as well as weekday "Peak" and "Off Peak" schedules for protected volumes.

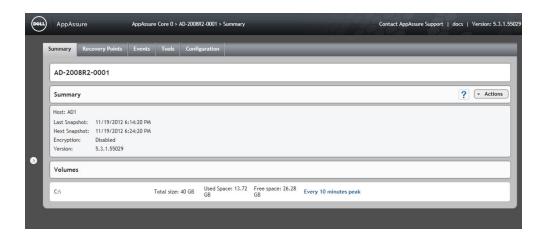
Or you can simply choose once-a-day protection.

You may also Apply this custom schedule to "all volumes."

Once configured Press "OK" to proceed.



Once completed, the new Protection Schedule is configured and displayed in a summary window. Here you can see this particular machine will be protected every 10 minutes during peak periods.





Dell AppAssure Backup, Replication, and Recovery Evaluator's Guide: How to Configure Replication

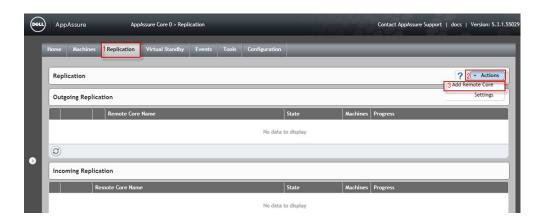
Why read this guide

Replication is a key element in many data backup and recovery scenarios, and allows users to protect date by replicating it at alternative locations, physical or in the cloud. Dell AppAssure replication is a quick and easy way to install original recovery points on another Dell AppAssure Core.

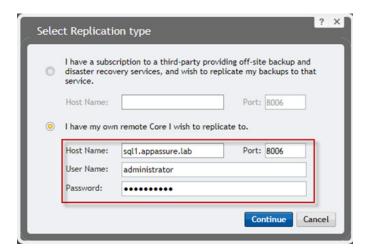
Configuring replication

Protected machines may have their Recovery Points replicated to another Dell AppAssure Core. Core replication is used for redundancy by sending data to remote sites, datacenters, or Cloud sites.

To begin Replication, select Replication > Actions > Add Remote Core on the Core you wish to replicate.



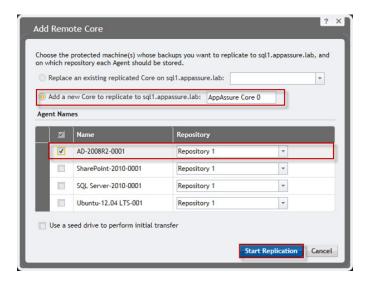
Complete the "Select Replication type" pop-up by supplying the Core name (IP/host name), port, and the credentials for the Core.





Specify the machines to be replicated on the "Add Remote Core" pop-up by selecting the checkboxes. If the remote Core has multiple Repositories, you may specify which repository here.

Press "Start Replication" to start the operation.



Once you've configured Replication you can see the Replicated Machines listed



Here is Summary sheet for the machine showing Recovery Points replicated to a second server:





Dell AppAssure Backup, Replication, and Recovery Evaluator's Guide: How to Configure Virtual Standby for ESX(i) and Hyper-V

Why read this guide

Dell AppAssure's Virtual Standby provides the ability to offer high availability to mission critical servers at all times. Any machine that is protected with Dell AppAssure can automatically be recovered as converted to a virtual machine on VMware ESX(i) or Workstation, or Microsoft Hyper-V platforms.

Dell AppAssure allows business to achieve much-improved business continuity for their IT services, as evidenced by its highly granular five-minute Recovery Point Objective's (RPO) and near-zero Recovery Time Objectives (RTO's) - far better than traditional recovery methods that can take hours or days.

Configuring

Virtual standby allows for the automatic creation of a virtual machine based on backups stored in the Dell AppAssure repository.

To create a virtual standby:

- Connect to the Dell AppAssure core server and click "Virtual Standby"
- Click "Actions"
- Click "Add"



- Select the machine to be used as a virtual standby
- Choose the type of virtual standby to be created for the selected agent



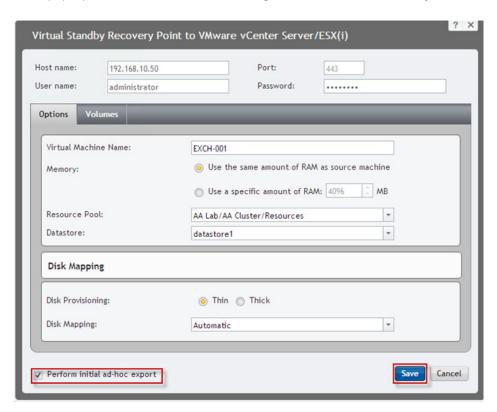
Note: Choosing VMware Workstation Export will generate a folder which contains all the files necessary to run the virtual machine.



To create a virtual standby for ESX(i), enter the hostname/IP of the ESX(i) host or vCenter server along with administrator credentials. When done, press "Connect."



In the pop-up window enter the desired configuration for the virtual standby machine.

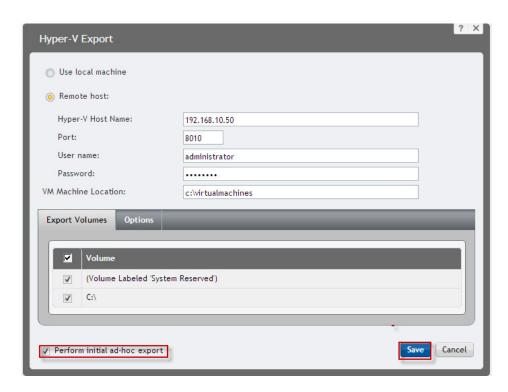


Note: "Perform initial ad-hoc export" will trigger an immediate conversion on a machine's backup to a virtual standby upon selecting "Save."

If choosing to export a machine to Hyper-V, Dell AppAssure will require the hostname/IP of a Hyper-V host.

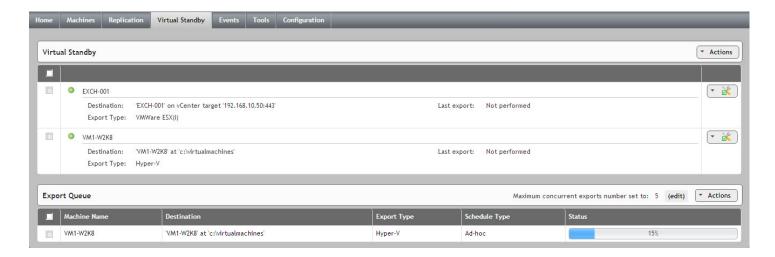


In the Hyper-V export pop-up window, enter the desired configuration for the virtual standby.



Note: "Perform initial ad-hoc export" will trigger an immediate conversion on a machines backup to a virtual standby upon selecting "Save."

After saving the configuration, the virtual standby task will be displayed and take place after every snapshot is taken.





Dell AppAssure Backup, Replication, and Recovery Evaluator's Guide: How to do Live RecoveryTM for Microsoft Exchange

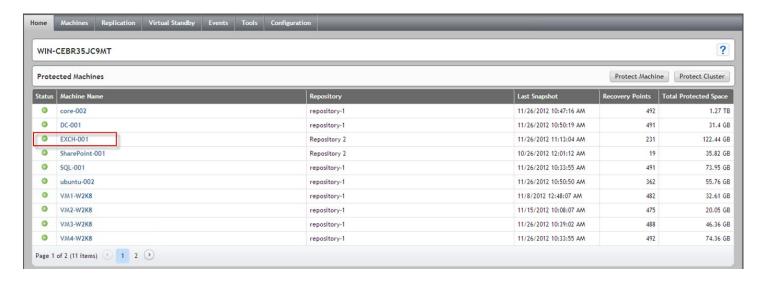
Why read this guide

For most businesses Microsoft Exchange Server is an essential and highly visible business communications tool. In this document we'll show how Dell AppAssure's Live Recovery feature can help your company achieve near-zero Recovery Time Objectives (RTO).

Live Recovery eliminates the need for hours-long Exchange recoveries after a failure. With just a few steps, an Exchange Server administrator can have users sending and receiving emails, and also accessing stored emails, within minutes of a server loss, even if very large amounts of mailbox and message data are being restored.

How to do Live Recovery[™] for Microsoft Exchange

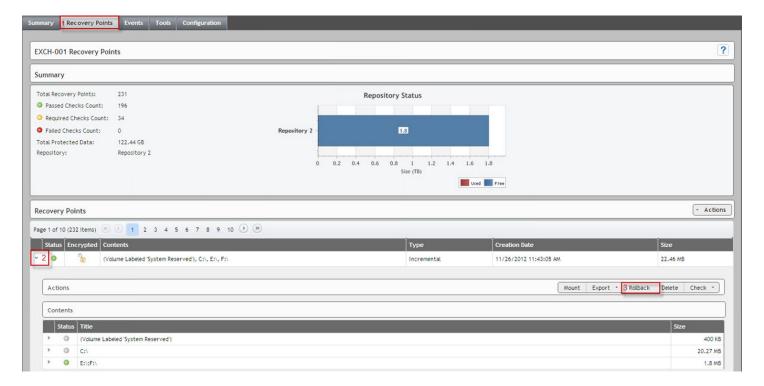
To begin a Live Recovery of an Microsoft Exchange server, connect to the Dell AppAssure core server and select your Exchange server.



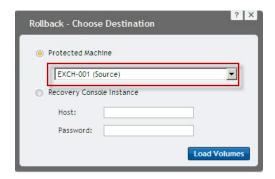
Once connected to your Exchange sever, select the "Recovery Point's" tab

- Select a recovery point and expand it by clicking the arrow to the left of the "Status" bubble
- Select "Rollback"

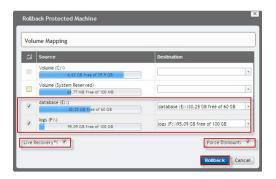




- Select the Exchange server under "Protected Machine"
- Click "Load Volumes"



- Select the volumes to mount and the destinations to mount them to
- Enable the "Live Recovery" and "Force Dismount" options
- Click "Rollback" when ready





Dell AppAssure Backup, Replication, and Recovery Evaluator's Guide: How to do Bare-Metal Recovery (BMR)

Why read this guide

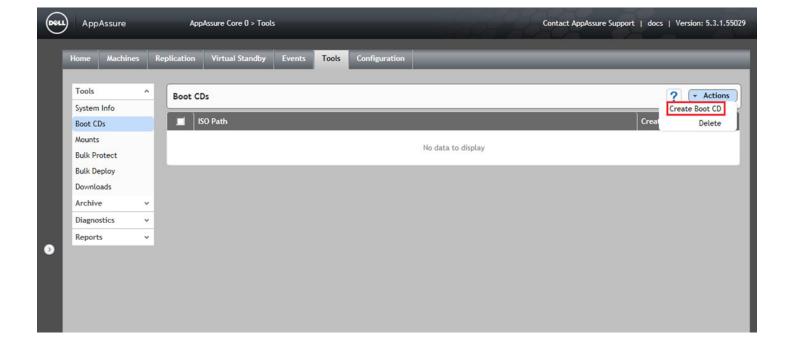
Bare-Metal Recovery (BMR) provides the ability to restore an entire system back to the original or dissimilar hardware. For example, a physical system can be restored to a virtual or cloud platform, and vice versa. This functionality separates the Operating System from a specific platform, providing portability.

Bare-Metal Recovery is most often used in disaster recovery scenarios or migration projects. This can be used to deploy new hardware in case of disaster, and also facilitate the migration to a public or private cloud.

Installation Notes

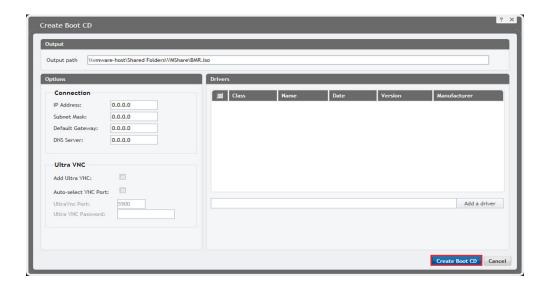
- 1. Prepare Target Machine:
- The Dell AppAssure Boot CD can be created at the "Tools" tab of the Core Server. This will create an ISO CD image based on Microsoft WinPE.
- If restoring to a physical machine, burn the ISO image to a CD or DVD. If restoring to a Virtual Machine (VM) the ISO may be mounted as a virtual CD ROM.
- · Once booted, this machine will be ready for the user to connect to it from the Core Server to begin the Bare-Metal Restoration process.
- 2. Connect to the target server's Boot CD via IP address to start the restore.

To begin creating the Boot CD open the "Tools" tab of Core and select the "Boot CDs" menu. In the Actions menu at the right of the screen select "Create Boot CD"

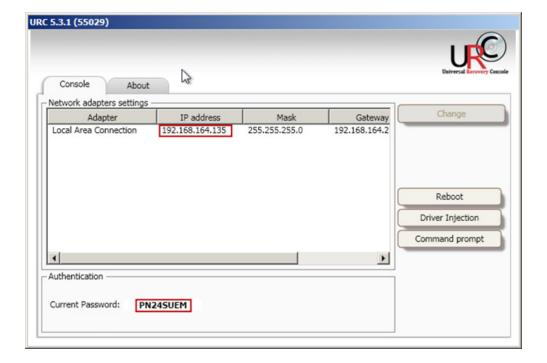




Enter the desired name of the Boot CD ISO in the Output Path field. To configure this Boot CD to use DHCP, you may leave the default (all zeros) under the "Connections" section; otherwise, enter your desired network configuration. Optionally, you may add Ultra VNC to this Boot CD so that you may remotely connect to it. You may also add custom drivers to this Boot CD via the "Add a driver" section. Press "Create Boot" CD to continue.

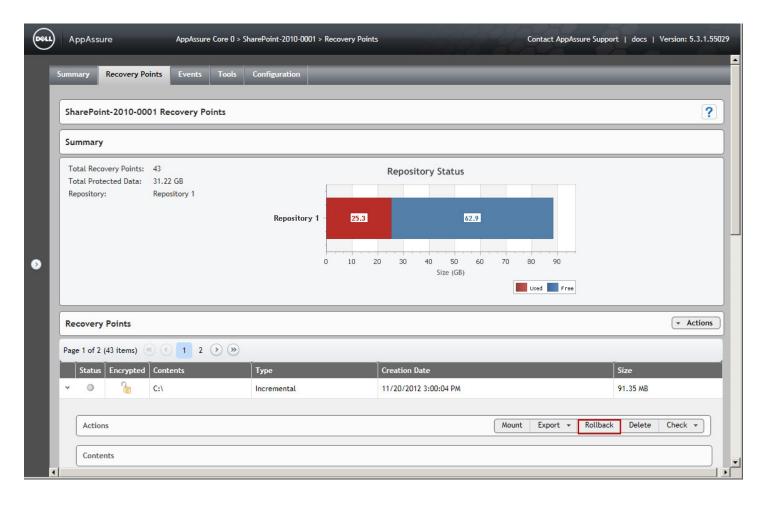


Once the machine is booted to the Boot CD the IP and password will be displayed. This information is required by the Core Server in order to begin recovery.

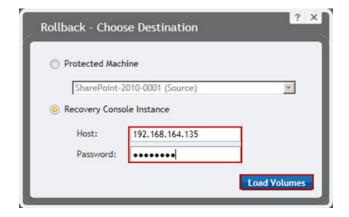




From the Dell AppAssure Core, browse to the Recovery Point of the Server you wish to restore. Select a Recovery Point and press the "Rollback" button.



In the pop-up window enter the IP address and password displayed on the Dell AppAssure Boot CD. Press "Load Volumes" when done.

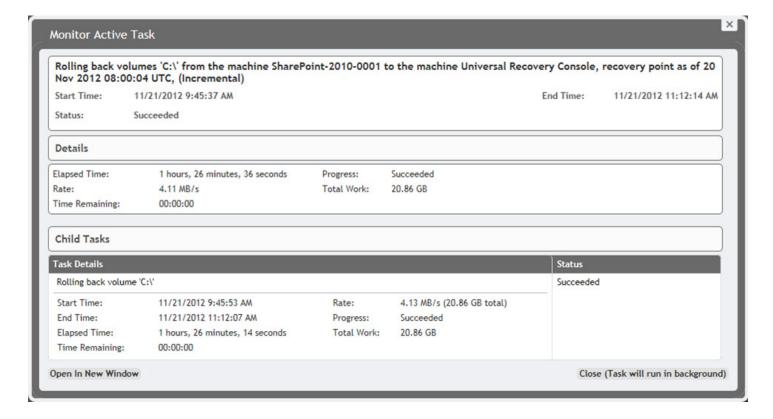




Choose the appropriate Disk Mapping and click "Rollback" to begin the recovery.

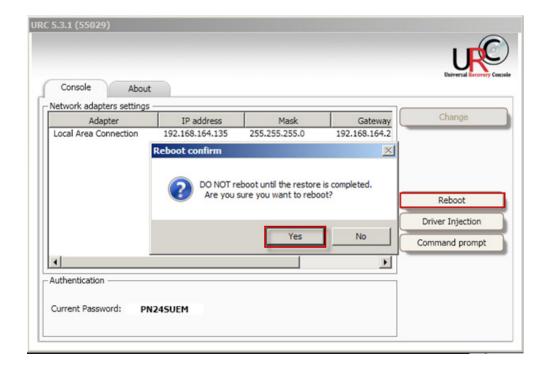


The summary screen will show statistics and progress of the recovery.





Press the "Reboot" button on the target machine and confirm the reboot by clicking the "Yes" button to complete the recovery process.





Dell AppAssure Backup, Replication, and Recovery Evaluator's Guide: How to do a file and folder recover

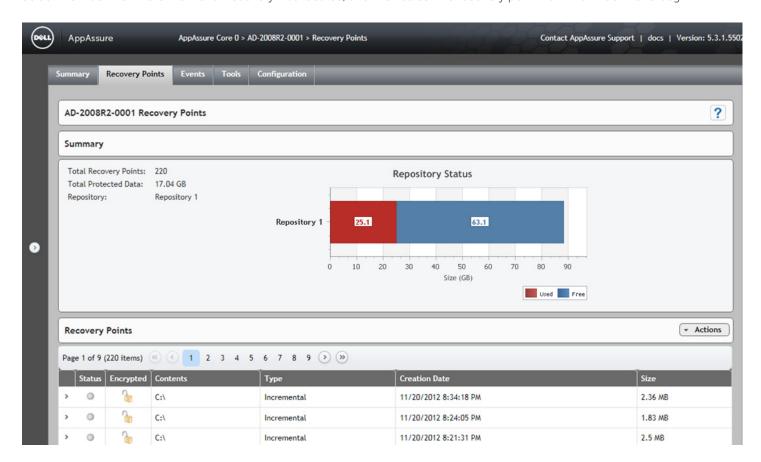
Why read this guide

Recovery Points, also referred to as snapshots (snaps), are backups taken at regular intervals which protect entire machines, their disks, applications, and data. Dell AppAssure allows users to access these Recovery Points using the familiar Windows Explorer interface for recovering files and folders.

Any Recovery Point can be mounted to a directory on the Core server, enabling administrators and users to inspect the data located in the Snapshot using native Windows search tools.

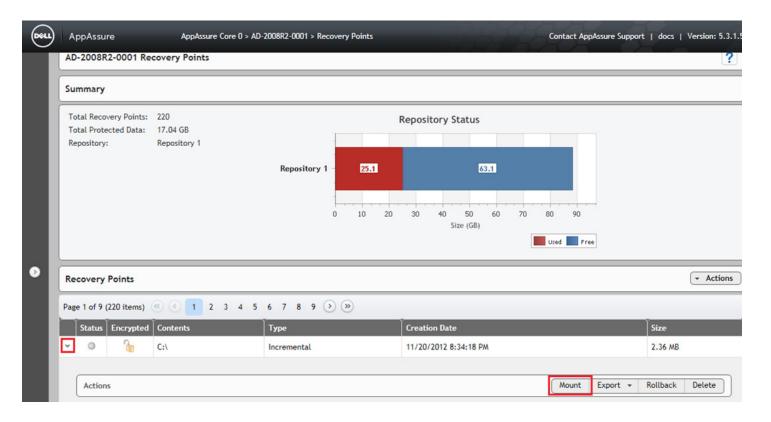
Configuring

Select the machine where the file for recovery was located, and then select the recovery point from that machine to begin.



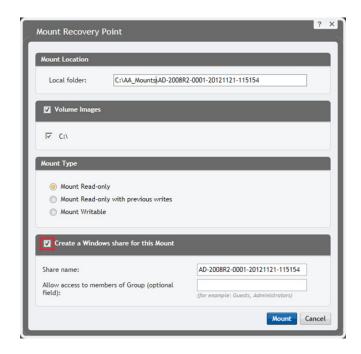


Select the Recovery Point you want to access by clicking the ">" symbol next to the snapshot. It can also be expanded by clicking the ">" symbol. Once the point in time you want to select is chosen click "Mount" on the Action panel.



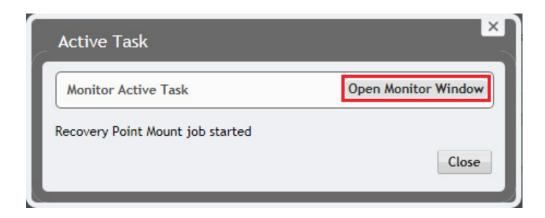
In the pop-up menu, define the location of the mount under "Mount Location", the "Mount Type" and decide whether or not to create a Windows share.

To create a Windows share of this Mount, click the checkbox "Create a Windows share for this mount", name the share, and optionally add groups who can access the share on the network.

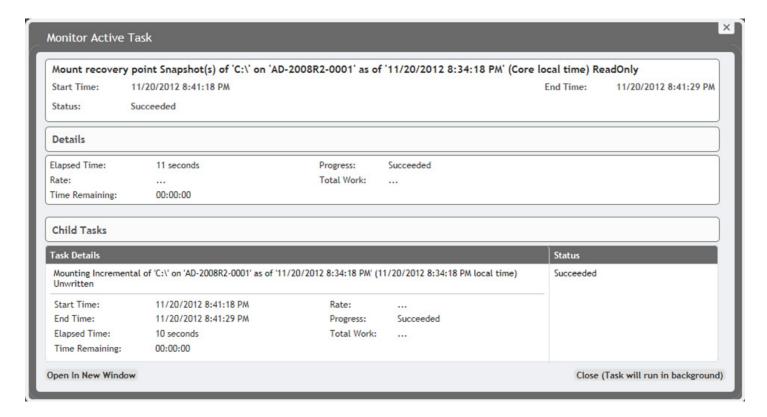




After clicking the "Mount" button, you can click on this pop-up window as shown to monitor the Mount process in the next window.

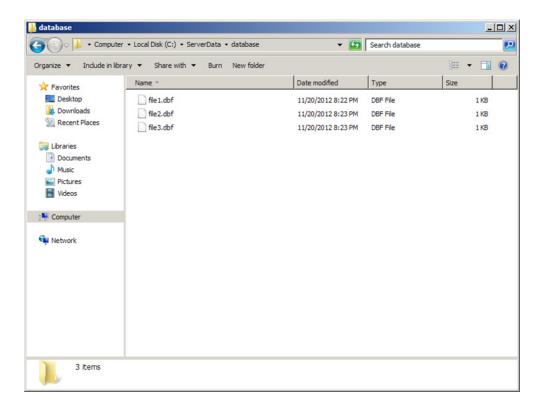


The Active Task window displays the status of the mount process and indicates when it's completed successfully.

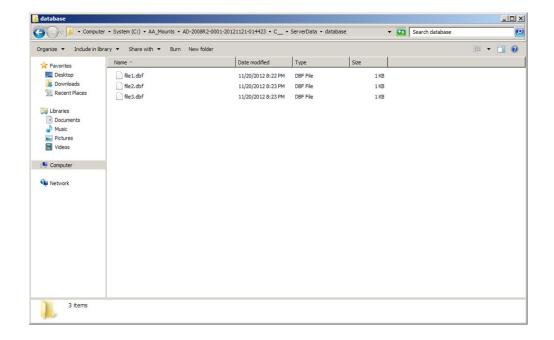




Opening Windows Explorer to the Mount location will allow you to browse the Recovery Point contents.

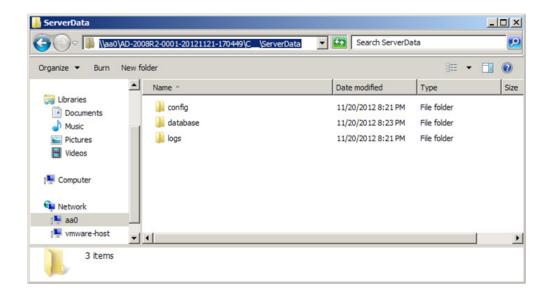


Note that all mounts will take the format of: drive_letter\drivename\folder Explorer is pointed (in this example) to $C:\AA_Mounts\AD-2008R2-0001-20121121-014423\C_\ServerData\database$





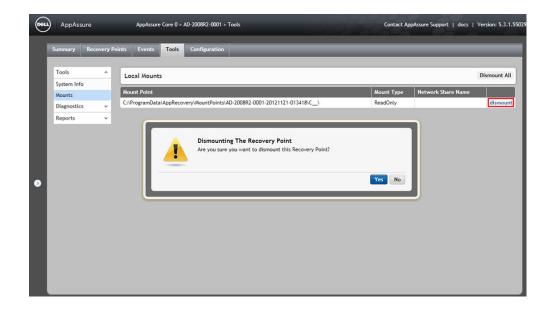
The Mount's Windows share is also visible via Windows Explorer over the network.



Mounted Recovery Points remain mounted until an administrator dismounts them via the Core Server by going to Tools > Mounts section.

Here, single or multiple Mounted Recovery Points can be dismounted.

To dismount, select "dismount" and confirm the action.





It All Boils Down To...

RPO - Recovery Point Objective

How Much Data Are You Willing To Lose? 5 Minute RPO... REALLY!

RTO - Recovery Time Objective

How Much Productivity Time Are You Willing To Lose? Near ZERO RTO... REALLY!

Resources

Dell AppAssure Documentation, including User Guides http://docs.appassure.com

Dell AppAssure Customer forum http://forum.appassure.com

Sales and Pricing Information www.appassure.com_sales@appassure.com

Twitter: <a>@AppAssure

Facebook: http://www.facebook.com/appassure

